EXTENDED CONSTRUCTED RESPONSE ALGEBRA 2 Remainder Theorem NAME

Standard A.APR.B.2.

Period

1. Consider the polynomial function: $p(x) = 3x^3 + 10x^2 + ax - 6$ where **a** is an unknown real number. If (x + 3) is a factor of this polynomial what is the value of **a**? Show all the steps below.

2. Use the polynomial function $p(x) = 2x^3 + 5x^2 - x - 6$ to answer questions a and b below. a. Show that (x - 1) is a factor of p(x) using the Remainder Theorem. Explain your reasoning.

b. Sketch the graph of p(x) showing all the zeros of the function. Show all work to find zeros.



Task is worth a total of 6 points.

Rubric Part A		
Score	Description	
2	Student response includes the following elements Reasoning component = 1 point Algebraic or written explanation for solving the equation Computation component = 1 point Calculating the correct answer Sample Student Response: If (x+3) is a factor, then p(-3) = 0. Substituting -3 in place of x , 0 = 3(-27) + 10(9) - 3a - 6 0 = -3a - + 3 a = 1 	
1	Student response shows logical steps and reasons with minor calculation error from arriving at an inaccurate solution	
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant	

Rubric Part 2A			
Score	Description		
2	 Student response includes the following elements ♦ Yes (x-1) is a factor with correct steps and justification. Sample Student Response: If . p(1) = 0, then (x - 1) is a factor of p(x). Calculate p(1) = 2 + 5 - 1 - 6. P(1) = 0. Therefore (x - 1) is a factor of p(x). Or If p(x) is divided by (x - 1) and the remainder is zero, then (x - 1) is a factor of p(x). Students can use either synthetic or long division to arrive at a solution with zero remainder. 		

1	Student response shows logical steps and reasons with minor calculation error from arriving at an inaccurate solution
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant

Rubric Part 2B		
Score	Description	
1	Student response shows the complete factors and graph in correct direction with 3 zeros correctly plotted.	
	Sample Student Response: When students divide $p(x)$ by (x-1), they should arrive at $2x^2 + 7x + 6$.	
	Therefore, $p(x)$ in complete factored form is $p(x) = (x-1)(2x+3)(x+2)$. The zeros are 1, $-\frac{3}{2}$ and -2 .	
0 Concein Convert Tr	Student response shows only 1 factor and 1 zero; irrelevant answers	

Genesis Convert Table

Task Point	Genesis
	Score
0	55
1	59
2	69
3	79
4	89
5	100
1 2 3 4 5	59 69 79 89 100